



The Mobile Robot Company

Knowledge Center — Charging Problems · 2026-08-04

<https://info.mobilerobot.com/support/troubleshooting/charging-problems>

Charging Problems

The J1600 uses a [24 V, 200 Ah lithium iron phosphate \(LiFePO4\) battery](https://info.mobilerobot.com/documentation/technical-reference/battery-specifications/) and supports [two charging methods](https://info.mobilerobot.com/documentation/user-guides/charging/): manual plug-in charging and an optional automatic charging station. Before treating charging behavior as a fault, compare it with the expected rates below.

Expected rates

Behavior	Rate
Charging	approximately 47 percentage points per hour
Drain, driving fully loaded	approximately 13% per hour
Drain, driving unloaded	approximately 12% per hour
Drain, standby	approximately 2% per hour

Runtime exceeds eight hours in a typical duty cycle. The drain rates imply roughly 7.7 hours of continuous fully loaded driving or 8.3 hours unloaded, but these are calculated figures, not guaranteed runtimes — standby time, lifting, duty cycle, battery reserve, and operating conditions all affect the result.

A battery that loses around 2% per hour while the robot sits idle is behaving normally, not leaking charge. A robot parked unplugged over a weekend can reasonably arrive at a low battery — see [Robot will not start](https://info.mobilerobot.com/support/troubleshooting/robot-will-not-start/).

Manual charging

[Manual charging](https://info.mobilerobot.com/products/chargers-and-accessories/manual-charger/) works like a conventional electric pallet jack: plug in the charger during a break or whenever the machine is idle. If the robot does not charge, verify that the charger is connected at both ends and powered.

Automatic charging does not happen

[Automatic charging](https://info.mobilerobot.com/applications/scenarios/automatic-charging/) (<https://info.mobilerobot.com/applications/scenarios/automatic-charging/>) is an optional, advanced automation capability that requires the automatic charger. When it works, the robot drives to the station, positions itself at the charger, and a charging interface extends to the vehicle's charging plates — enabling opportunity charging whenever the robot is not busy.

If the robot never charges itself, check that:

- an [automatic charger](https://info.mobilerobot.com/products/chargers-and-accessories/automatic-charger/) (<https://info.mobilerobot.com/products/chargers-and-accessories/automatic-charger/>) was actually purchased — the manual charger does not support self-docking;
- [the station was set up](https://info.mobilerobot.com/documentation/installation/charger-installation/) (<https://info.mobilerobot.com/documentation/installation/charger-installation/>) and commissioned. When bought with the installation and commissioning package, automatic-charging setup is part of Day 1 on site.

Unresolved charging faults

For a charger that stays dead, a battery that will not accept charge, or a robot that fails to dock despite a commissioned station, contact support — see [Submit a support request](https://info.mobilerobot.com/support/contact/submit-a-support-request/) (<https://info.mobilerobot.com/support/contact/submit-a-support-request/>).

WARNING

Do not open the battery compartment or service the charger yourself. Battery and charger service goes through [your service partner](https://info.mobilerobot.com/support/contact/find-a-service-partner/) (<https://info.mobilerobot.com/support/contact/find-a-service-partner/>).